

Name:	
Class:	Date:

Cloze Passage: Foxes in Japanese Culture

An activity of "Hyenas are welcome in the city of Harar".

In the story "Hyenas are welcome in the city of Harar" (page 19, What's Up June 2024), you can read about how the people of this Ethiopian city welcome hyenas. This is unusual, as many other communities view this animal negatively. Similarly, traditional Japanese stories view the fox favourably, even though they are often seen as pests elsewhere. Complete the cloze passage below to find out more. Fill in the 12 blanks with the words below. Use each word only once.

simile	benevolent	associated	all	sly	lore
felicitous	staple	elevated	rodents	con	notorious

"As cunning as a fox" is a common English (A) It describes a person					
as (B) and clever in a dishonest way. Western culture tends to portray the fox as					
deceptive, with foxes playing the (C) man in fables. In England, foxes are					
hunted down as they are (D) chicken thieves. The Japanese hold a more					
balanced view of the fox.					
In Japan, rice is a (E) food and central to life. Foxes lived closed to rice					
fields, preying on (F) and safeguarding the harvest from such pests. This					
made foxes celebrated, and they came to be (G) with the Japanese god of rice.					
It is believed that foxes serve as this god's messengers, and fox statues are found in shrines					
(H) around Japan. They delivered not just messages, but also good fortune					
— it was (I) to spot one.					
Gradually, foxes were (J) to the status of gods themselves. These					
Zenko foxes were believed to be centuries old and supremely powerful. Nonetheless, they					
were (K) beings, helpful and kind to humans.					
Traditional Japanese stories do acknowledge that foxes may not always be good.					
Japanese (L) also includes wild fox spirits which use their shape-shifting					
powers for vengeance and mischief.					